Lesson 3

20.1.2011

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Critical Section Problem

Ch 3 [BenA 06]

Critical Section Problem Solutions without HW Support State Diagrams for Algorithms Busy-Wait Solutions with HW Support

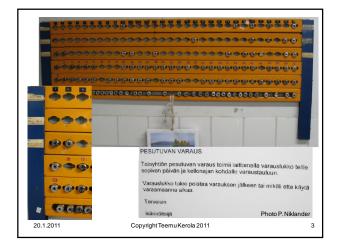
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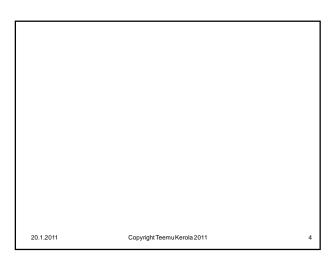
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Mutual Exclusion Real World Example How to reserve a laundry room? mutual exclusion, i.e., mutex Housing corporation with many tenants Reliable No one else can reserve, once one reservation non-preemptive for given time slot is done keskeytettämätön One can not remove other's reservations · Reservation method distributed/centralized One can make decision independently (without discussing with others) on whether laundry room is available or not - One can have reservation for at most one time slot at a time no simultaneous resource possession · People not needing the laundry room are not bothered One should not leave reservation on when moving out

One should not lose reservation tokens/keys recovery?

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Concurrent Indivisible Operations • Echo Process P1 Process P2 char out, in; //globals procedure echo { input (in,..); input (in, keyboard); input(in,..); output (out, display); out = in; out = in; output (out,..) What if out and/or in output(out,..): local variables? Data base update - Name, id, address, salary, annual salary, ... How/when/by whom to define granularity for indivisible operations? 20.1.2011 Copyright Teemu Kerola 2011

One CPU Execute one process until It requests a service that takes time to do Some interrupt occurrs and operating system gives execution turn to somebody else E.g., time slice interrupt Another process may still run concurrently in GPU or some other I/O controller Many CPU's Execute many processes always concurrently Execution turn for one process may end any time (request service, or interrupt occurs)

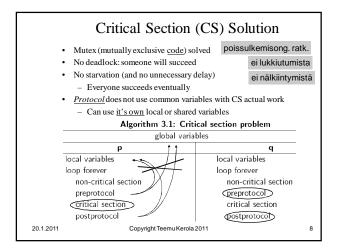
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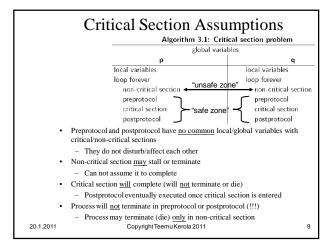
Critical Section Problem

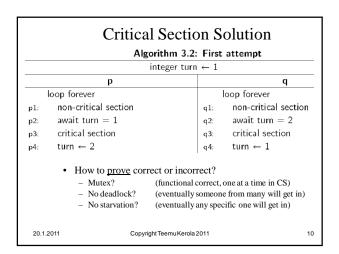
- · Critical section (CS)
 - <u>Code segment</u> that only one process may be executing at a time
 - May also be <u>set of code segments</u>, and only one process may be executing at a time any code segment in that set
 - Not necessarily an atomic operation
 - Other processes may be scheduled, but they can not execute in (this) critical section
- Critical Section Problem (Mutex Problem)
 - How to guarantee that only one process at a time is executing critical section?

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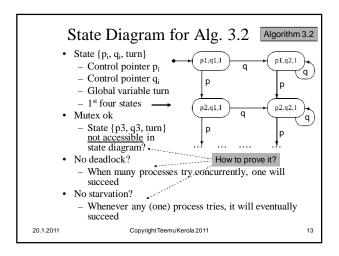


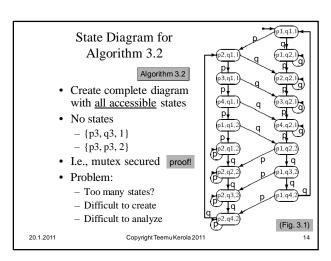
"await condition" statement

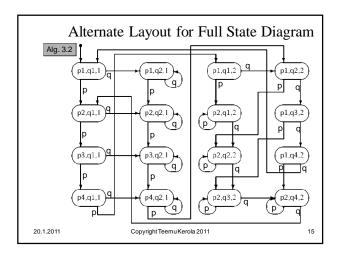
- Pseudo language construct
- Implement <u>somehow</u> waiting until given condition becomes true
 - Use clever algorithms
 - Dekker, Peterson, .
 - Use hardware (HW) help special instructions & data?
 - Interrupts, lock variables with busy wait loops, ...
 - Use operating system (OS) suspend process?
 - Semaphores, barrier operations, busy waits loops, ...
 - Implemented using HW (or those clever algorithms)
 - Use programming language utilities?
 - Semaphores, monitor condition variables, barrier operations, protected object when statements, ...
 - Implemented using OS
- · Specifics discussed more later on

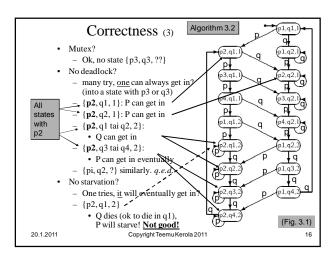
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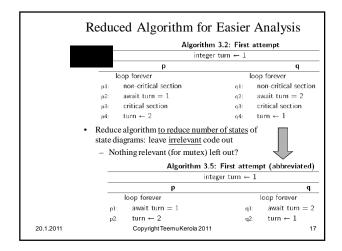
Correctness Proofs · Prove incorrect Come up with one scenario that does not work Two processes execute in sync? often non-trivial · Some other unlikely scenario? Prove correct - Heuristics: "I did not come up with any proofs (counterexample) for incorrectness and I am smart" ⇒ I can not prove incorrectness "easy", unreliable □ It must be correct... State diagrams difficult, reliable • Describe algorithm with states: { relevant control pointer (cp) values, relevant local/global variable values } · Analyze state diagrams to prove correctness 20.1.2011 Copyright Teemu Kerola 2011 12

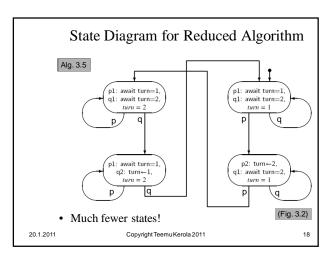


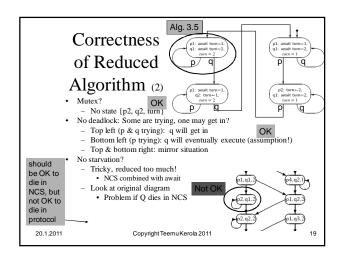


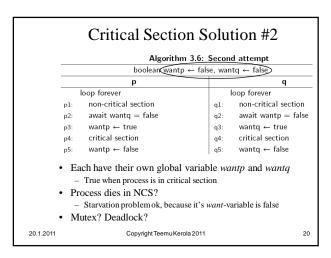


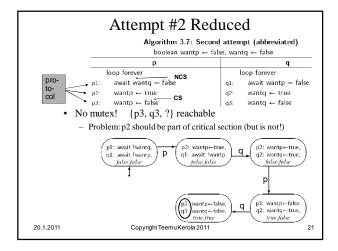


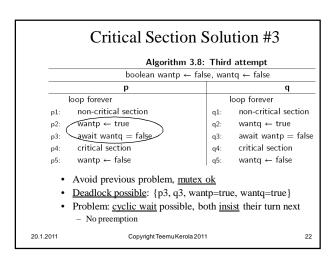


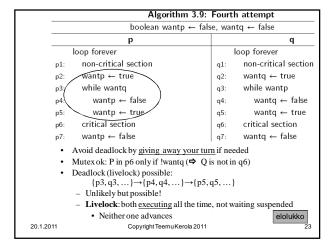


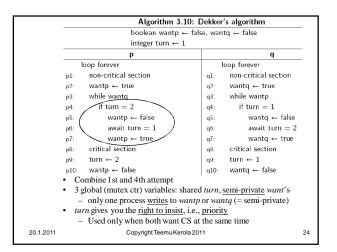


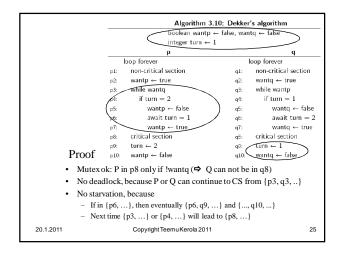


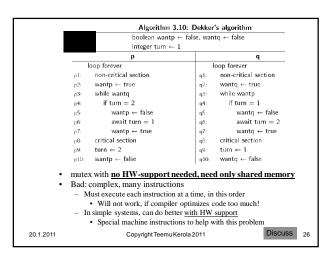




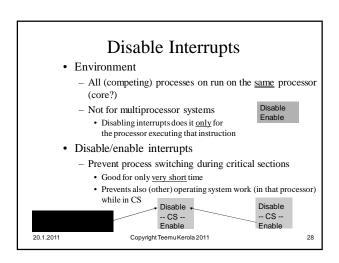


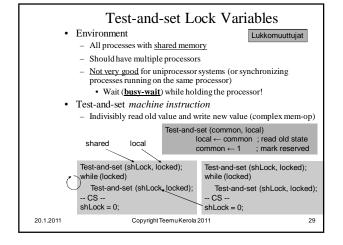


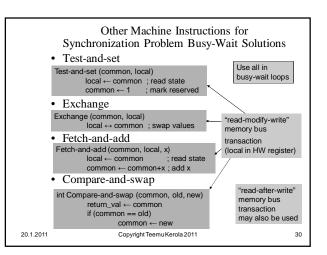




Mutex with HW Support · Specific machine instructions for this purpose - Suitable for many situations - Not suitable for all situations • Interrupt disable/enable -- Critical Section -instructions Enable Test-and-set instructions Lock (L) -- Critical Section --- Other similar instructions Unlock (L) · Specific memory areas - Reserved for concurrency control solutions - Lock variables (for test-and-set) in their own cache? · Different cache protocol for lock variables? · Busy-wait without memory bus use? Copyright Teemu Kerola 2011 27 20.1.2011







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Lock variables and busy wait

- · Need shared memory
- Use processor while waiting
 - Waste of a processor?
 - Not so smart with just one processor
 - Busy waits suspended when *time slice* ends (i.e., when OS time slice interrupt occurs)
 - Should wait only a very short time
 - Unless plenty of processors
 - Real fast resume when wait ends
 - Good property in some environments

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Summary

- Critical section (CS)
- Critical Section Problem
- Solutions without HW Support
- State Diagrams for Algorithms
- Busy-Wait Solutions with HW Support

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