| tSequence of Page References | Window Size, $\Delta$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 |
| 15 | 2415 | 2415 | 2415 | 2415 |
| 18 | 1518 | 241518 | 241518 | 241518 |
| 23 | 1823 | 151823 | 24151823 | 24151823 |
| 24 | 2324 | 182324 | - | - |
| 17 | 2417 | 232417 | 18232417 | 1518232417 |
| 18 | 1718 | 241718 | - | 18232417 |
| 24 | 1824 | - | 241718 | - |
| 18 | - | 1824 | - | 241718 |
| 17 | 1817 | 241817 | - | - |
| 17 | 17 | 1817 | - | - |
| 15 | 1715 | 1715 | 181715 | 24181715 |
| 24 | 1524 | 171524 | 171524 | - |
| 17 | 2417 | - | - | 171524 |
| 24 | - | 2417 | - | - |
| 18 | 2418 | 172418 | 172418 | 15172418 |

Figure 8.19 Working Set of Process as Defined by Window Size

Initial value of $\mathrm{D}_{i}$ is 0
After an operation, the value of $\mathrm{D}_{i}$ is updated as follows
(I) if the next operation is a block allocate request:
if there is any free block, select one to allocate if the selected block is locally free

> then $\mathrm{D}_{i}:=\mathrm{D}_{i}+2$
> else $\mathrm{D}_{i}:=\mathrm{D}_{i}+1$
otherwise
first get two blocks by splitting a larger one into two (recursive operation) allocate one and mark the other locally free
$\mathrm{D}_{i}$ remains unchanged (but D may change for other block sizes because of the recursive call)
(II) if the next operation is a block free request

Case $\mathrm{D}_{i} \geq 2$
mark it locally free and free it locally
$\mathrm{D}_{i}:=\mathrm{D}_{i}-2$
Case $\mathrm{D}_{i}=1$
mark it globally free and free it globally; coalesce if possible $\mathrm{D}_{i}:=0$
Case $\mathrm{D}_{i}=0$
mark it globally free and free it globally; coalesce if possible select one locally free block of size 2 i and free it globally; coalesce if possible $\mathrm{D}_{i}:=0$

Figure 8.24 Lazy Buddy System Algorithm

