| Name | Signature | Student Id Nr | Points |
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## 581305-6 Computer Organization I, miniexam 3, 3.12.2018 (12 p)

Write your answer on this exam paper in the space given. Please notice, that the exam paper is 2 -sided.
Follow the recommended subroutine (function) call mechanism. TTK-91 assembly language instructions are: NOP, STORE, LOAD, IN, OUT, ADD, SUB, MUL, DIV, MOD, AND, IR, XOR, SHL, SHR, COMP, JUMP, JNEG, JZER, JPOS, JNNEG, JNZER, JNPOS, JLES, JEQU, JGRE, JNLES, JNEQU, JNGRE, CALL, EXIT, PUSH, POP, PUSHR, POPR, SVC

Integer-valued 50-element array $\mathrm{T}[50]$ is defined at main program level.
Integer-valued 2-dimensional array $\mathrm{S}[10][20]$ is defined at main program level. It has 10 rows and 20 columns. S is stored row-wise. Integer-valued variables $x, i$, and $j$ are defined at main program level.

Use the symbolic ttk-91 assembly language for answers in each part.
a) [2 p] Give a code segment that uses a loop to initialize all element values in T to zero (0).
b) [2 p] Give a code segment to implement statement $x=S[i][j]$;
c) [3p] Give a code segment that uses a loop to initialize all element values in S to zero (0). Notice: you can consider S as 1-dimensional (larger) array.

Subroutine Init(Tbl, $n, v$ ) initializes all elements in $n$-element 1-dimensional array Tbl to value v. Parameter Tbl is a call-by-reference parameter. Parameters n and v are call-by-value paramaters. Parameter n is the number of elements in Tbl and $v$ is the wanted initial value.
d) [1 p] Give a code segment that uses a subroutine Init to initialize all element values in T to zero (0).
e) [1 p] Give a code segment that uses a subroutine Init to initialize all element values in S to zero (0). Notice: you can consider S as 1-dimensional (larger) array.
f) [3 p] Implement subroutine $\operatorname{Init}(\mathrm{TbI}, \mathrm{n}, \mathrm{v})$.

