Final Report 0.9

SQUID

Helsinki 3rd May 2005 Software Engineering Project UNIVERSITY OF HELSINKI Department of Computer Science

Course

581260 Software Engineering Project (6 cr)

Project Group

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Change Log

	Version	Date	Modifications
-	0.9	3.5.2005	First version (Esko Luontola)

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Appendices

1	Hours	of M	ikko	Jor	malainen
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- 2 Hours of Samuli Kaipiainen
- 3 Hours of Aki Korpua
- 4 Hours of Esko Luontola
- 5 Hours of Aki Sysmäläinen

1 Introduction

This document tells how the student project at the Department of Computer Science of University of Helsinki for building a new user interface for the SQUID magnetometer at the Department of Geophysics of the University of Helsinki went. The clients were Lauri Pesonen with his assistants Fabio Donadini and Tomas Kohout from the Department of Geophysics.

The name of the produced program is Ikayaki. The name comes from a japanese seafood - dried, grilled squid.

The project took place from 25.1.2005 to 6.5.2005.

2 Organization

Name	Role	E-Mail	
Mikko Jormalainen	Project Team	mtjormal@cc.helsinki.fi	
Samuli Kaipiainen	Project Team	samuli.kaipiainen@cs.helsinki.fi	
Aki Korpua	Project Team	aki.korpua@cs.helsinki.fi	
Esko Luontola	Project Team (Manager)	esko.luontola@cs.helsinki.fi	
Aki Sysmäläinen	Project Team	aki.sysmalainen@helsinki.fi	
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Juha Taina	Course Manager	taina@cs.helsinki.fi	
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The people related to this project are shown in Figure 1.

Figure 1: The people who were part of this project

3 Amount of Work

The amount of work that the team did is shown in Figure 2.

The estimated size of the program was a maximum of 13000 lines of code. The final size of the program is some 21500 lines of code. So the estimation that was made at the very beginning of the project (before the team even understood what they were doing ;) was more than 65% too low.

During the project was also produced HourParser, a program for managing the team's work hours. Its size is 1000 lines of code.

The final schedule for the project is in Figure 3.

Name / Week	2	m	4	ŝ	9	٢	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	Total
Mikko Jormalainen	0	0	m	0	12	14	0	13	20	14	0	5	24	12	13	20	0	177 h
Samuli Kaipiainen	0	0	9	6.1	20,5	16	20	14,9	18	27	6,5	19	37.5	33.5	10	22	0	266 h
<u>Aki Korpua</u>	ol	2	6	0	11	28	11	6	17	19.5	9	25	21	28	33,5	27,5	0	255,5 h
Esko Luontola	4.5	O	15.5	15	22	17.5	27	24	36	27.5	18	17	42,5	35	40	32.5	0.5	374,5 h
Aki Sysmäläinen	2	0	2	S	7	6	11	9	19	18	4	6	23	14	35	14,5	က၊	186,5 h
Total	6,5	2	42,5	42,1	72,5	84,5	78	66,9	110	106	42,5	75	148	122,5	140,5	116,5	3,5	1 259,5 h

Figure 2: How many hours of work the team members did.

Task	Start	End	Days
Project Plan	25.1.2005	8.2.2005	14
HourParser	8.2.2005	9.2.2005	1
Definition	25.1.2005	1.3.2005	35
- Prototype		24.2.2005	
- Requirements Document		2.3.2005	
Design	1.3.2005	22.3.2005	21
- Design Document		22.3.2005	
Production	22.3.2005	14.4.2005	23
Testing	14.4.2005	28.4.2005	14
- Testing Plan		22.4.2005	
- Testing Report		29.4.2005	
Installing	28.4.2005	5.5.2005	7
- Final Report		3.5.2005	
- User Manual		xx.5.2005	
- Realization Document		xx.5.2005	

Figure 3: Final project schedule

4 Debriefing

The writings in this section are based on the answers that the project team members gave to the following questions:

- How did you like the theme of the program?
- How was the project in general?
- How has the project team been?
- How was the amount of work?
- What did you learn?
- Where have we succeeded and where failed?
- What should have been done better?
- What do you think about the tools and techniques that were used? Which of them would your recommend to others? (goal-derived UI design, meetings, hour management, email, irc, Java, Swing, Latex, Dia, CVS, IntelliJ IDEA, JGoodies Looks, virtual serial ports, JUnit, XML...)
- What do you think about the project model that was used? (waterfall model)
- How was the relation of the design and the production? Could something have been expected or done differently?

- How did the time table change from what was planned? Why were there changes and what effects did they have?
- What problems did the existing hardware, software and their documentation bring? How were the problems solved?
- Describe shortly the operation of the client.
- How was it to work with an English speaking client? How did it affect the project?
- How did the instructor do her work?
- Evaluate the operation of each team member, also yourself. If you would describe each one of them with one word, what would that be?

4.1 Overview

The project has been a lot of work, some pain, some nice moments and reasonable enough results. Everybody in the team though that the theme of the program was both challenging and interesting. It was motivating to solve some real-world problems, even when it was out of our world. Nobody knew anything about the subject when we started, and it took us some weeks to understand what the people at Geophysics are actually doing and what it was that they really wanted. At start everything as a bit confusing and stressful, but towards the end we were more and more confident about the result and chemistry between the project team members got better and better.

The team was strong and people were supporting each other well. We were only five guys doing it all, and sicknesses and other courses took a huge amount of our time from the project. It took some time before the whole team was functional, but the team got better and better during the project. The amount of work was much and it was shared unevenly.

All team members learned working in a team. Some other things that were learned are: diplomatic negotiation skills with the client, the importance of meetings, the importance of design and how things fall apart. Some technical things that were learned: Latex, CVS, more Java, new features of Java 1.5, IRC. The English of some improved.

4.2 Project

We succeeded in making a program that works and the client appears to be pleased with it. We mostly succeeded in everything, but failed to put the last effort and add a finishing touch to every step. The meetings with the client and communication could have been better, and as a result it was not possible to guess all of the requirements that the client would have wanted. The user requirements and the program could have been designed better. Testing the program was not as thorough as it should have been. The work did not keep up with the schedule, so in the end there was more work than in the beginning. The work load could have been distributed better. What the project team thinks about the following:

• Goal-Derived UI Design:

The UI would never have been even nearly as good if we would not have payed special attention to it. User observations gave us a better idea about client's workflow with the old software. The prototypes were also essential in designing the program.

• Meetings:

Needed for the people to communicate. Things could work in plain irc/email, but not when everyone is committed enough to it, so regular meetings are needed.

• Hour management with HourParser:

Great system, it's good that other members can see your hours right a way. The created program is much better than any previous ones. :) Other teams should try it.

• E-Mail:

Good for coordination and communication. Mailing lists are good for communication within the project team. Much of the communication with the client was by e-mail.

• IRC:

Was in important role when we were not working face-to-face, which was the case in about 90% of all work. Has been very helpful when many people are working on the same thing at the same time, especially so right before a deadline. It was also possible that while some are testing with the SQUID equipment, others stay home and program fixes for the found bugs, so that they can be tested right away.

• Java and Swing:

Good choice here. It's a safe choice when the coders are not too experienced. It would never have been possible for all to learn C++ well enough to make a program half this complicated. Performance was not a program with current hardware.

• Latex:

Hell and pain. Chainsaw internals massacre.

• Dia:

At least the Windows version was buggy and the UI was designed to kill. Missed code generating features. A better tool for writing UML would be needed.

• CVS:

Necessary for file management, even if a bit limited (can not rename/move files). The commandline version is clumsy - keep away from it. IDEA has a nice CVS front-end and propably so have many other IDEs.

• IntelliJ IDEA:

Really well designed IDE for Java coding. The UI Designer makes the creation of complex layouts easy. For example it took for a first-timer only about 30 minutes to

make the device configuration dialog's layout. Only stupid people write Java GUIs 100% by hand. :P

- JGoodies Looks: Looks better than the standard Swing look. :)
- Virtual serial ports: Helped at some point a lot. Was a necessity for the development of serial API.
- JUnit:

Could have been used more. We didn't get too much in to it, but worked well for serial testing.

• XML:

Easy, effective and expandable. Was the best option for the new file format.

The waterfall project model that was used is a bit stiff, but it works. It is suitable for such short student projects as this. There would not have been time to use a more complicated model. The amount of documentation is a bit too much, though. A more flexible project model would be recommendable.

Those parts that were designed well, were produced according to the design. Those that were not designed, were produced more or less without plans. The user interface was produced accurately according to plans (use cases and prototypes) and so were also the Project data classes (ikayaki.*). The amount of time spent on designing could have been huge, but with this timetable the results were fair. If there had been time, we should have made the program requirements more detailed (requires more communication with the client) and design the program code better (can be hard with GUI classes and their huge API).

Every phase was delayed, as expected. Mayby it would have hold better if the amount of work done by everyone were constant (20 h/week) all the time. Always someone (sometimes many) didn't do the jobs when supposed to; nothing much to help it, as everyone had other things than this project to do. Morale was low at times, which is inevitable in such a long project. The client also gave some extra requirements, which required some time to produce (luckily not too much). As a result, there was not enough time to test the program properly.

The legacy C code was a nightmare. If we had known about the existense of protocol documentation, we could have dumped the old code sooner, because it was pretty hard to read and had no documentation. It was a good choice to start everything from ground. Using the old code would have created too many new risks and slowed us down.

The protocol documentation was incomplete and did not mach the reality, so creating an emulator was not very useful. The created SerialProxy class gave much undocumented information about the protocol, so looking at how the old program does the things on protocol level made our day. Hardware was actually good and safe to use when you learned it, which helped a lot when testing and cleared errors in the documentation.

4.3 People

In the beginning the information from the client were sometimes inconsistent and we did not always known who to follow, but this got much better towards the end. The client probably didn't fully understood the process of software development (we could have been more describing about this) which also complicated things unnecessarily. For example, it was hard to get an official acceptance for all documents and things agreed to be left out from the software (in requirements phase) somehow popped up again later and there were new requirements added in the testing phase. There should have been more communication with the client. But overall they were committed to project and ready to help us and use their time for us as much as they could.

Apparently most of the team members (4 out of 5) had never been talking that much English. The use of English slowed down the process in the beginning, but later on it has been just a minor issue. Sometimes it was a bit hard to understand everything and sometimes it took time to find the right words, but it did not affect the project in the end. In overall the use of English has been good practice for the future.

The instructor did her work well, silently observing project team when everything was going well and stepping in to direct when time was running out or team was going to make a mistake. At very beginning there was some confusion about the authority between her and the project manager, but that was then sorted out. She kept the project and the group on trail and emphasized things that got less attention. She could have been a bit more relaxed on some issues when the internal pressure of the group was already high. On the other side our pressure tolerances got much better and more ready for real world challenges. In general she was nice and fair to us.

4.3.1 Team members' evaluations of themselves

Mikko Jormalainen

- Poor.

Samuli Kaipiainen

- Tried to do my jobs on time, some (but not many) failings to do so though, tried a couple of times to silently keep the project in one piece, lost some (or at few times, a lot) morale in the end.

Aki Korpua

- Lazy parasite :D

Esko Luontola

- Maybe I worked a bit too much, but the work does not disappear by itself. Running a project team was new for me and what made it more difficult, was that everybody in the team were strangers at the beginning of the project. I'll try to improve in delegating work to others in the future. I know that I'm overconscientious.

Aki Sysmäläinen

- At the beginning his use of time for the project was minimal but towards the end it got

better. He was eager to take the lead when it was quiet on that front. At least tried to add some diplomacy to client-project group relations.

4.3.2 Team members' evaluations of each others

Mikko Jormalainen

- That one guy. Could have been more in contact with other members. Did his work well anyway.

- Didn't have that much interest in the project, or so it seemed at the beginning, but not so much towards the end. Was most always ready to have a meeting of some sort. Had some weird problems with cvs updating frequency x)

- Communication was lagging quite much. Does he even have 24/7 internet access at home?

- Did his part in documenting. Could have done more coding. He was also a bit distant from the group from time to time.

Samuli Kaipiainen

- Nice work buddy ;)

- Did what was assigned to him and did it well.

- Good.

- Did a great job with the project explorer which is an achievement of usability. But when he got full of the coding the whole group got a bit affected by that. His sense of humor and analytic attitude on problems were invaluable to group and the project.

Aki Korpua

- Fast worker, didn't care so much for perfection :) Did his part even when tired and out of morale. Had some good sympathy for the clients, which drove him to try and make a working final software.

- Was also good in what he did. Did a good job in digging into the SQUID and the old program. Had time for the project in spite of WoW. :)

- Good.

- He did a lot of work with interface and emulator. Some of his emotional reactions at the beginning distracted other group members. His support and hard work kept the group going during the black spots.

Esko Luontola

- Hero.

- Kept the project in one piece. Did something like 80% of all coding, and was good at it too. Didn't care (or so it seemed) about work hours being accumulated to him. Made some vague changes to others' codings =)

- Excellent.

- At the start it took some time of him to take the lead but after that he's work has been pretty convincing. His contribution to coding was huge and he kept the code together and fixed and added a lot to other guys coding.

Aki Sysmäläinen

- Sleepyhead, hehe. Dont try to do all courses at same time.

- Had many other project going on at the same time 8) But, did his part in the end, such as the graphs for the program, which would have been a shame not to have. Took the lead sometimes, when things didn't go forwards.

Was a bit too busy with life outside the project. Was good in asking questions for example when designing the UI. Also good in communicating with the client.
OK.