Project Plan 1.4

SQUID

Helsinki 16th April 2005 Software Engineering Project UNIVERSITY OF HELSINKI Department of Computer Science

Course

581260 Software Engineering Project (6 cr)

Project Group

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Homepage

http://www.cs.helsinki.fi/group/squid/

Change Log

Version	Date	Modifications	
0.1	25.1.2005	First version	
0.2	28.1.2005	Process model and schedule modified, other additions	
0.3	3.2.2005	Schedule, risks, converted to latex, translated to English	
0.4	7.2.2005	Suggested changes from last meeting	
1.0	8.2.2005	Approved with modifications	
1.1	18.2.2005	Modified the schedule	
1.2	22.2.2005	Simplified the process model	
1.3	18.3.2005	Modified the schedule - more time for designing	
1.4	16.4.2005	Updated the schedule	

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1 Introduction

The Geophysics Department of the University of Helsinki uses a SQUID magnetometer for measuring the magnetism of rocks and meteorites. There is already a program for using the machine, but its usability could be better. The source code of the existing program is available.

The goal of this project is to improve the existing program by making a better user interface for it. A secondary goal is to link the measurements produced by the program to desired after-processing programs.

The project will take place from 25.1.2005 to 6.5.2005.

2 Organization

Name	Role	E-Mail	Phone
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The people related to this project are shown in Figure 1.

Figure 1: The people who are part of this project

2.1 Responsibilities

The responsibilities of the project team members are described here. The assignments are shown in Figure 2.

Project Manager

Is responsible for leading the project team. Writes the project plan and takes care that the project progresses according to it.

Secretary

The secretary changes every week. Writes the meeting records and forwards them to the team.

CVS Manager

Sets up the CVS system, takes care of it and teaches the team members.

Responsibility	Person			
Project Manager	Esko Luontola			
Secretary	Mikko Jormalainen, Samuli Kaipiainen,			
	Aki Korpua, Aki Sysmäläinen			
CVS Manager	Aki Korpua			
HTML Manager	Esko Luontola			
Measurement Manager	Aki Sysmäläinen			
Project Plan	Esko Luontola			
Requirements Document	Aki Sysmäläinen, Aki Korpua			
Design Document	Mikko Jormalainen, Samuli Kaipiainen			
Testing Plan	Aki Korpua, Mikko Jormalainen			
Testing Report	Aki Korpua, Mikko Jormalainen			
User Manual	Aki Sysmäläinen, Samuli Kaipiainen			
Realization Document	Aki Sysmäläinen, Samuli Kaipiainen			
Final Report	Esko Luontola			

Figure 2: Assigned responsibilities

HTML Manager

Updates the web site and adds the published documents there.

Measurement Manager

Takes the measurements that are gathered from OHTU projects and submits them to the course manager.

3 General Description of the Product

The SQUID magnetometer is used for measuring the magnetism of rocks and meteorites. The machine consists of three main components: measurement unit, demagnetizing unit and sample holder. The computer guides their operation through COM ports. The existing source code will be used to control the machine on a low level, and on top of it will be built a new user interface.

The program must be able to control the machine, gather measurements from the samples, show them to the user and save the results on disk for later use. The program will be used on a modern PC running Windows. The old program has been written in Visual C. The new program will be written either in C and Java, or in C++.

The name of the program will be Ikayaki (dried, grilled squid - a Japanese seafood).

4 Estimated Size

The size of the old source code is about 12,000 lines of code. Parts of the old source code can be reused, but on the other hand the new program will have more features than the old

one. Taking these into account, it can be estimated that we will need to write about 10,000 lines of code (+-30%). A better estimation will be made when the program requirements are known better.

Previous experiences from OHTU projects show that in average people do write 300-350 lines of code per person per month. The low numbers are mainly because of the documentation and testing that require much time. So statistically our team should be able to produce about 5,000 lines of code. We can conclude that it will *not* be possible to complete this program in full detail in this time. Thus we will try to make the requirements analysis and user interface designing as well as possible, so that other teams could continue from where we were left.

5 Development

The process of developing this program is described here.

5.1 Process Model

This project will follow a linear waterfall model. The output of the previous phase will be the input of the next one, and there is no returning to completed phases.

5.1.1 Definition

Requirements analysis will be done with the client and the program requirements will be listed. The client will guide the project team in using the existing program and magnetometer. Application interfaces to the SQUID equipment will be discovered and the old source code studied. The results will be requirements document and user interface prototype. The client will accept the documents before proceeding.

5.1.2 Design

The user interface and structure of the program will be designed. The expertise of the client will be needed during this phase to answer questions about the details of the SQUID. Designing will be made so accurately that producing the program will be as simple as possible. The results will be design document and testing plan. The client will accept the documents before proceeding.

5.1.3 Production

The program will be written according to the design document. Each programmer will take care of the unit testing of his own code. The result will be program code.

5.1.4 Testing

The program will be tested according to the test plan and the found errors will be corrected. Uncorrected errors will be documented. User manual will be written. The results will be testing report, user manual and realization document.

5.1.5 Installing

The program will be given to the client and the project team will install it in the laboratory. Possibly an installer will be created for wider distribution. Documentations will be tweaked and final report written.

5.2 Schedule

The length of the project is about 14 weeks, starting 25.1.2005 and ending latest 6.5.2005. The lengths of the phases are shown in Figure 3. They are also described graphically using a GANTT diagram in Figure 4.

Task	Start	End	Days	Results	
Project Plan	25.1.2005	15.2.2005	21	Project Plan	
Definition	25.1.2005	1.3.2005	35	Requirements Document, Prototype	
- Prototype		24.2.2005			
- Requirements Document		1.3.2005			
Design	1.3.2005	22.3.2005	21	Design Document, Testing Plan	
- Design Document		22.3.2005			
Production	22.3.2005	14.4.2005	23	Program Code	
Testing	14.4.2005	28.4.2005	14	Testing Report, User Manual,	
				Realization Document	
Installing	28.4.2005	5.5.2005	7	Final Report	
Figure 3: Project schedule					

6 Conventions

Meetings will be held every Tuesday at 10-12 and Thursday at 10-12 in Exactum class A219. The secretary will write a record and publish it as soon as possible after the meeting.

Every meeting should have a pre-made list of the items that need to be discussed in that meeting. If somebody won't be able to make it to a meeting, he should report it beforehand. The items should be discussed in an orderly manner and an item needs to be completed before moving to the next one. Documents that will be handled in a meeting must be published the day before the meeting before 18:00.

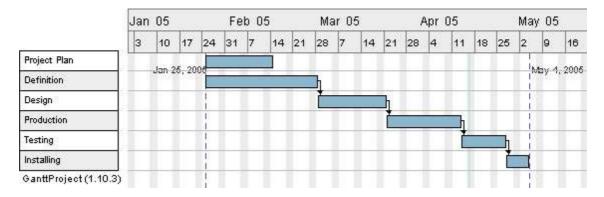


Figure 4: Project schedule as a GANTT diagram

Work sessions will be held on Wednesdays at 14-18 when necessary. The team will meet in the Exactum lobby by default.

Communication outside the meetings will be through e-mail and the mailing list ohtuk05squid-list@cs.helsinki.fi. All e-mail messages should be prefixed with (squid). The project has an IRC channel #squid-project at IRCnet.

The material produced in the project will be managed with CVS. The CVSROOT is /home/group/squid/.cvsroot

Every team member should write what he is doing currently to a text file so that it could be viewed from the web site:

/group/home/squid/public_html/username/status.txt

The team uses the locker 1 in room A307.

7 Documentation

During the project the following documents will be published. They will be made with LaTeX and published in PDF format. Documents will be stored in the CVS during the project.

- Project plan
- Requirements Document
- Design Document
- Testing Plan
- User Manual
- Testing Report
- Final Report

- Realization Document
- Meeting Records (in Finnish)

8 Risk Analysis

8.1 Team

Risk: Communication in a foreign language causes problems.
Propability: Low
Seriousness: Medium
Countermeasures: Those who known English better, will be used to communicate with the client.
Risk: A team member gets sick.

Propability: Medium **Seriousness:** Medium **Countermeasures:** The rest of the team should be informed as soon as possible, so that others can share the work when necessary.

Risk: A team member quits the project. **Propability:** Low **Seriousness:** High **Countermeasures:** Maintain a happy and encouraging atmosphere.

8.2 **Project Management**

Risk: The estimations (size of work, skills) are incorrect.Propability: HighSeriousness: MediumCountermeasures: Keep and eye on the project plan and update it as necessary.

Risk: The project will not stay in schedule.

Propability: High

Seriousness: High

Countermeasures: Look at the schedule at the end of every week to notice problems as soon as possible. Adjust the schedule when necessary. Drop secondary features off the program (do not neglect testing!).

Risk: The project will not be completed in time.

Propability: Medium

Seriousness: High

Countermeasures: If the program appears too big for us to complete it, produce only the core elements of it, but do them well. It is possible that some other team will then continue from where we were left.

Risk: Communication is not adequate.

Propability: Medium

Seriousness: Medium

Countermeasures: Arrange regular meetings between the team members. Follow closely what everybody is doing at the moment and what the results are.

Risk: Participants are not interested in the project.

Propability: Low

Seriousness: High

Countermeasures: Keep everybody informed about the status of the project to keep their interest up. Show the current results for the client when there is something to show. Arrange interesting work for the team members.

Risk: Some personal interest takes the time of a team member.

Propability: Medium

Seriousness: Medium

Countermeasures: Follow closely what everybody is doing. If somebody does not show progress, find out what is wrong. Tell others if you know that you will not have enough time.

8.3 Technology

Risk: The old source code and the operation of the machine is not being understood well enough, and there will be problems in the reuse of the code.

Propability: Medium

Seriousness: High

Countermeasures: Allocate more people to have a look at the source code. Discard the old source and start from a scratch, if the inclusion of legacy code proves to be too risky.

Risk: The SQUID gets broken.

Propability: Low **Seriousness:** High

Countermeasures: Test the code well before trying it with the real machine.

Risk: If some need to learn a new programming language, their code will have more bugs and they will write it slower.

Propability: High

Seriousness: Medium

Countermeasures: Utilize the existing knowledge of the individuals as much as possible. Try coding in pairs. Do thorough testing. Make one or two people learn the new stuff well, so that others won't need to spend as much time on it.

Risk: If some need to learn using new tools, they will be slow in using them.

Propability: Medium

Seriousness: Low

Countermeasures: Take the learning curve into consideration and adjust the schedule. Make one or two people learn the new stuff well, so that others won't need to spend as

much time on it.

Risk: A person is not skilled enough in the task that has been assigned to him.

Propability: Low

Seriousness: Low

Countermeasures: Assign that person to do some other work where he is better. Try to utilize the special skills of the team members as much as possible, especially in case of a difficult task.

8.4 Client

Risk: The project team will not understand how the magnetometer is being used.

Propability: Medium

Seriousness: High

Countermeasures: Check all decisions concerning the program design with the client. Build an accurate prototype of the system and make the client accept it before writing code.

Risk: The client you tried to contact can not be reached.

Propability: Low

Seriousness: Medium

Countermeasures: Find out beforehand if the client knows when he will be unavailable. Try to do other things that do not require the client while waiting. Try to become independent of the client after the beginning of the project.

Risk: The client will not be satisfied with the finished product or the product will be useless.

Propability: Medium

Seriousness: High

Countermeasures: Build prototypes and write documents that will be accepted by the client. Test the program thoroughly.

Risk: The client does not understand the prosess of making software.

Propability: High

Seriousness: Low

Countermeasures: Explain to the client what we are doing. Remind the client not to expect too much.