





Time a	and Clocks				
Needs	Clocks				
real time	universal time (network time)				
interval length	computer clock	_			
order of events	network time (universal time)				
NOTICE: time is m	NOTICE: time is monotonous				
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Algorithm	Messages per entry/exit	Delay before entry (in message times)	Problems
Centralized	3	2	Coordinator crash
Distributed	2 (n – 1)	2 (n – 1)	Crash of any process
Token ring	1 to ∞	0 to n – 1	Lost token, process crash

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Primitive	Description
BEGIN_TRANSACTION	Make the start of a transaction
END_TRANSACTION	Terminate the transaction and try to commit
ABORT_TRANSACTION	Kill the transaction and restore the old values
READ	Read data from a file, a table, or otherwise
WRITE	Write data to a file, a table, or otherwise

Examples of primitives for transactions.

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Subtransaction

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(b)







Transaction V : <i>a.withdraw(100)</i> <i>b.deposit(100)</i>		Transaction W : <i>aBranch.branchTotal()</i>	
a.withdraw(100);	\$100	<pre>total = a.getBalance() \$ total = total+b.getBalance() \$ total = total+c.getBalance()</pre>	100 300
b.deposit(100)	\$300	:	



TransactionU:
a.getBalance() a.setBalance(balance + 20)
<pre>balance = a.getBalance() \$110</pre>
a.setBalance(balance + 20) \$130 commit transaction





Writeahead Log						
x = 0; y = 0; BEGIN TRANSACTION:	Log	Log	Log			
x = x + 1; y = y + 2 x = y * y;	[x = 0 / 1]	[x = 0 / 1] [y = 0/2]	[x = 0 / 1] [y = 0/2] [x = 1/4]			
END_TRANSACTION; (a)	(b)	(c)	(d)			
 a) A transaction b) - d) The log before each statement is executed 						
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BEGIN_TRANSAC x = 0; x = x + 1; END_TRANSACT	TION ON	BEGIN_TRANSACTION x = 0; x = x + 2; END_TRANSACTION	BEGIN_TRANSACTION x = 0; x = x + 3; END_TRANSACTION	
(a)		(b)	(c)	
Schedule 1	x = 0; x = x	+ 1; x = 0; x = x + 2; x = 0; x = x +	3	Legal
Schedule 2	x = 0; x = 0; x = x + 1; x = x + 2; x = 0; x = x + 3;			Legal
Schedule 3	x = 0; x = 0	; x = x + 1; x = 0; x = x + 2; x = x +	3;	lliegal
		(d)		



Trar	nsactions T and Transaction T: balance = b.getBalance() b.setBalance(bal*1.1) a.withdraw(bal/10)		U with Exclusive Lock		Locks
-	Operations	Locks	Operations	Locks	
	openTransaction bal = b.getBalance() b.setBalance(bal*1.1) a.withdraw(bal/10) closeTransaction	lock B lock A unlock A, B	openTransaction bal = b.getBalance() ••• b.setBalance(bal*1.1) c.withdraw(bal/10)	waits for T's lock on B lock B	
			closeTransaction	unlock B C	
-	Figure 12.14		23-Feb-06	,,	69















