

- 1. Combinational: new combinations of familiar ideas
- 2. Exploratory: generation of new ideas by exploration of a space of concepts
- *3. Transformational:* involves a transformation of the search space so new kinds of ideas can be generated.



- A preliminary extended classification of different types of (computational) creativity
- The goal is to identify different subtypes of creativity
 - Allows characterization, analysis and comparison of tasks
 - Can give guidance for actual systems
- Some emphasis on the *inputs* that systems take
- We use the term "concept" here to denote any creative output



Concept Extraction

- Input: an existing representation of a concept
- Output: a new representation of the concept
- Example: extraction of concepts from documents and their subsequent representation as networks
- The creativity in concept extraction could be in the identification of a concept or of its representation, or in the translation process to another representation



Concept Induction

- Input: instances/expressions of concepts
- Output: higher-level concepts obtained by generalization
- Example: discovery of music genres by clustering
- Example subtypes:
 - Concept Learning: supervised activity, concept memberships known (labeled examples) but no definitions of concepts
 - Concept Discovery: unsupervised activity, concept membership not known (unlabeled examples)



Concept Modification

- Input: existing concept(s)
- Output: concepts obtained by reuse and modification
- Example: take the idea of a mobile phone and modify the idea to a smart phone
- Example subtypes:
 - Concept Mutation: modify one existing concept, e.g., by generalization, specialization, or mutation
 - Concept Combination: combine many existing concepts (e.g. blending) or generalize many concepts



Concept Space Exploration

- Input: a search space of concepts
- Output: selected concepts in the search space
- Example: Search for poems of the haiku form



Transformational Creativity

Any of the above types 1-4 where additionally the system modifies its own rules or operations.



Different possible representations of concepts

- Definition (declarative, "intension" of the concept)
 - Can be applied/tested on a new instance
- Procedural (generative)
 - Allows generation of a new instance
- Set of all concept members ("extension" of the concept)
 - Or just a set of example members
- Prototype-based
 - Needs a similarity measure, too



A different distinction between creations:

- *P-creativity* or psychological (or personal) creativity: novel just to the agent that produces it
- *H-creativity* or historical creativity: creativity that is recognized as novel by society
- In machine creativity research, emphasis is on pcreativity, i.e., the system be able to produce something novel to itself.
- H-creativity can then, in principle, be achieved with a database of existing artefacts